

Period 4	Duration-35 Min
Sub-Topics-The British Policies: 1. The doctrine of Lapse 2. The claim of paramountcy 3. Subsidiary Alliance	
Learning Outcomes: • Student will be able to know, discuss and compare the British policy. They will explain the effects of these policies on society	
Key Vocabulary: • Doctrine: A set of beliefs that is taught by a church and political party • Paramountcy: A state of fact of being of greater importance than anything else • Resistance: trying to stop something from happening or to stop somebody from doing something	
Skills Developed:-Understanding, Analyzing Decision making and comparative skill	
Opening/set Induction	Duration-5 to 6 min
Opening Strategy(ies)- Explanation and Question -Answer Teacher asked the question 1. Who makes the policy in our country? 2. From where does the government get power to perform this activity? 3. What happens when any Government denies doing the activities of public welfare? 4. Did the British government face such situation of protest by the public?	
Link Statement: Let us know about the British policy and their harmful effects on the Indian Royal family as they tried to establish their control through these policies.	
Instruction Methodology	Duration -15-18 Min
Teaching Strategy(ies): Explanation and Discussion Discussion/Explanation: 1. Why should we have control others? 2. Does controlling others help in running our government smoothly? Explanation: No, Not at all. Controlling others always need not be fruitful as forever. If we try to control the public having different culture then it becomes more difficult. It shows us the way of becoming cruel, dishonest and greedy. Lord Dalhousie was the government general from 1848 to 1856. He declared the policy of doctrine of lapse to control a state having no heir after the death of their king he annexed so many states through this system, like Udaipur(1852), Jhansi(1854) etc Before Lord Dalhousie, lord Hastings started a new policy of paramountcy. The company official proved their power as supreme over others. They	

justify all their attack in reference to keep their power stable.

These two were not the pioneer of establishing British Power. Before them in 1801 Lord Wallesely had started subsidiary alliance. Where he started annexing the state in the condition of nonpayment by the state. Awadh and Hyderabad were two places annexed under this policy. All these policies helped them a lot to establish power.

Closure

Duration-5 Min

Closure Strategy(ies)-Verification – Think and Answer

1. Who started or implement the policy of subsidiary alliance?
2. Which states were announced according to “Doctrine of Laps”?

Assignment:

Answer in detail:

1. Write a short note on the policy of paramountcy?
2. Explain the doctrine of lapse and its effects?
3. What do you think these policies had created a base for British Empire?
4. Choose the correct Answer:
Who started the policy of Doctrine of lapse”
 - a. Wallessely
 - b. Dalhousie
 - c. Warren Hastings
 - d. Mayo
5. Fill in the Blanks:
 - I. The first Marathas war ended in 1782 with the treaty of _____.

