

Period-3	Duration= 35 minutes
Sub Topic-Formation of States • Problems of state formation • Policy of state formation • Search for new foreign policy	
Learning outcome(s):- The students will be able to understand the process of formation of states. They will analyze the policy of linguistic states. They will discuss the necessity of it. They will compare the present status of states from their formation time.	
Key Vocabulary • Linguistic:- Connected with language or study of language • Bilingual:-Having or using two languages • Non-aligned:- Not providing support for any of the powerful countries in the world. • Ideological:-Related to ideology of someone or something	
Skill Developed- Understanding, Analyzing, Discussing, Comparison	
Opening set induction	5-6 minutes
Opening strategy :-Demonstration/QA (Tr. asks the question by showing the map of India) 1. On the head of the India, Which state is this? 2. In the heart of India, Which state is this? 3. Which state is in the extreme west? 4. Which state is in the extreme east? 5. Coming to the feet, which state welcomes us? 6. How did this structure come into existence?	
Link Statement:- Let us know about How did our country come into shape? We will travel from start to finish and see our existence.	
Instructional methodology:-	Duration-15 to 20 min.
Teaching Strategy (ies):- Explanation, Discussion, Word meaning, Describing, Exemplary. Explanation:- It was a promise of Congress party to give separate state to each linguistic group. However this promise was not fulfilled. Already India was divided as two nations on the name of religion so Congress party did not want to have more divisions. Prime Minister Nehru and Home Minister Patel were against of it. On the other hand the public was demanding the states of their own	

language. The protest were becoming stronger. Do you protest for your demands or not? It is a human tendency. One of the Gandhian Leader Srimalu started hunger strike .He got support from other also. But he died after the strike of 58 days. This news gave a rise to anger of all. Then oct 1953 Andhrapradesh became a new state.

Walking on the same path North Indian states also were demanding their separate linguistic states so gradually the states of Gujarat, maharashtra, Punjab and Harayana came into existence. All this was done under the guidance of "State Reorganisation Commission". Internally if we are doing the formation of states then externally we were finding a way for foreign policy. Finding a new foreign policy was really necessary because we had to proove ourself as an strong independent country.

So to move in this direction. We did not go either America or Russia. We developed our new foreign policy. Our PM Nehru gave the name as Non Align movement We suggested the small developing countries not to join any of the super power group. But it really did not mean of being isolated. We along with some other Nam countries played a decisive role to maintain peace in the world by mediating between two super power countries.

Closure

Duration -5min.

Closure strategy:-Verification (Think and Answer)

- What did Congress promise for to the various group?
- How did Potty Sriramalu die for?

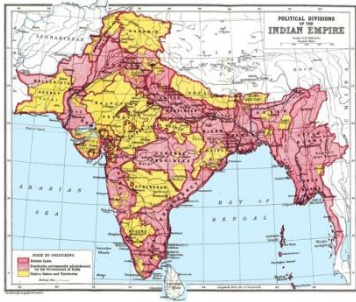
Assignments:-

Q1.Fill in the blanks.

- 1.Sriramalu demanded a separate state for _____ speaking.
- 2.Formation of states was done under the guidance of state_____ .
- 3.Prime minister Nehru and _____ were not in the favour of linguistic states.

Q2.Answer these question

- 1.Explain the process of formation of new federal state?
- 2.Which policy was accepted as the new foreign policy? Describe it?
- 3.Compare the situation of States' present day situation with their old formation?



INDIAN STATES & CAPITALS

