



VIVA VOCE

Q.1. What is full form of HTML ?

Ans. Hyper Text Markup Language.

Q.2. What are the types of heading tags ?

Ans. Six types.

Q.3. Which tag is used to create table ?

Ans. <Table>.

Q.4. What are types of tags ?

Ans. 1. Container tag 2. Empty tag.

Q.5. What is the name of browser to study HTML document ?

Ans. Internet explorer, net space navigator and firefox, google chrome.

Q.6. What is home page ?

Ans. The first page of website is called the home page or Index page.

Q.7. What is web page ?

Ans. Web page is the collection of text, picture, video and audio clips and it is related to every web page in many ways.

Q.8. How web document is written ?

Ans. Web document is written in source code notepad.

Q.9. What is website ?

Ans. Website is collection of web pages. In website web pages are interconnected.

Q.10. What is used to create web document ?

Ans. To create web document notepad is used.

Q.11. How notepad is opened ?

Ans. Start → Program → Accessories → Notepad.

Q.12. Name the two important components of HTML.

Ans. Head and Body.

Q.13. What is definition list ?

Ans. Definition list is used to give definition to a word.

Q.14. Give the name of two container tag.

Ans. `<title>`—`</title>`

`<head>`—`</head>`

Q.15. What is full form of <DD> tag.

Ans. The full form of `<DD>` tag is Definition Description.

Q.16. What is use of head tag ?

Ans. Head tag is used to write the heading of web page.

Q.17. What is the type of head tag ?

Ans. Head tag is a container tag.

Q.18. Why title tag is used ?

Ans. Title tag is used to write the title of the page.

Q.19. What is nested list ?

Ans. When another list comes in a list then that list is called nested list.

Q.20. What is order list ?

Ans. Order list shows the numbers.

Q.21. How many tags are used in HTML ?

Ans. In HTML two types of tags are used.

Q.22. What is table row ?

Ans. To combine the all horizontally tables is called table row.

Q.23. What is table tag ?

Ans. Table tag starts with `<Table>` and closes with `</table>`.

Q.24. What is table row ?

Ans. `<TR>` and `</TR>` tags are used in table rows.

Q.25. What do you mean by table data ?

Ans. `<TD>` and `</TD>` tags are used to show data in the table.

Q.26. How image is entered in HTML ?

Ans. To enter image `<IMG>` tag is used.

Q.27. What do you mean by SRC attribute ?

Ans. It shows the source of image.

Q.28. What do you mean by linking ?

Ans. With the help of linking the contact of text or image is made in other document.

Q.29. What is the use of tag ?

Ans. is used to insert image in a document.

Q.30. Why ALT is used ?

Ans. ALT attribute is used to present alternative text.

Q.31. Name the attribute used to create book mark.

Ans. To create bookmark HREF attribute is used.

Q.32. Name the attribute used to other part of the document.

Ans. NAME attribute is used to other part of the document.

Q.33. Name the tag used to make link in the same document.

Ans. To make link in the same document, <a> (Anchor tag) is used.

Q.34. Which tag is used to change the colour of background ?

Ans. BGCOLOR.

Q.35. What is the use of text attribute ?

Ans. TEXT attribute is used to change colour of the whole document.

Q.36. What is the use of Background attribute ?

Ans. Background is used to paste background image.

Q.37. Name the attribute used to change color of the background of a table.

Ans. BGCOLOR attribute is used to change the colour of background of the table.

Q.38. How table row is shown ?

Ans. Table row is shown by <TR>.

Q.39. What is tag ?

Ans. Tags are command in HTML document, which has special meanings.

Q.40. What are the extensions of Video files ?

Ans. .asf, .avi, mp2, .mp2v, mpe, mpeg etc.

Q.41. Timeline view displays which track ?

Ans. Video track, transitional track, audio track, title overload track.

Q.42. Which view is displayed in Window Movie Maker ?

Ans. Storyboard view.

Q.43. What is Window Movie Maker ?

Ans. Movie maker is that in which picture are filled by audio or video in the computer.

Q.44. What is project ?

Ans. In project there is arrangement of audio and video clip.

Q.45. What are the views of Window Movie ?

Ans. There are two view in Window Movie.

1. Storyboard, 2. Timeline.

Q.46. What a storyboard ?

Ans. With the help of storyboard we can see the clip of any project.

Q.47. What is work space ?

Ans. The part of Window Movie Maker in which movie is made.

Q.48. What is source file ?

Ans. Source file is also called digital media file or picture file.

Q.49. What is thumbnail ?

Ans. It is small form of selected clip.

Q.50. What is JavaScript?

Ans. JavaScript is a lightweight, interpreted programming language with object-oriented capabilities that allows you to build interactivity into otherwise static HTML pages. The general-purpose core of the language has been embedded in Netscape, Internet Explorer, and other web browsers.

Q.51. What are the data types supported by JavaScript?

Ans. The data types supported by JavaScript are:

- (i) Undefined
- (ii) Null
- (iii) Boolean
- (iv) String
- (v) Symbol
- (vi) Number
- (vii) Object

Q.52. What are the features of JavaScript?

Ans. Following are the features of JavaScript:

- (i) It is a lightweight, interpreted programming language.
- (ii) It is designed for creating network-centric applications.
- (iii) It is complementary to and integrated with Java.
- (iv) It is an open and cross-platform scripting language.

Q.53. Is JavaScript a case-sensitive language?

Ans. Yes, JavaScript is a case sensitive language. The language keywords, variables, function names, and any other identifiers must always be typed with a consistent capitalization of letters.

Q.54. What are the scopes of a variable in JavaScript?

Ans. The scope of a variable is the region of your program in which it is defined. JavaScript variable will have only two scopes.

Q.55. What is the difference between the operators '==' & '==='?

Ans. The main difference between "==" and "===" operator is that formerly compares variable by making type correction e.g. if you compare a number with a string with numeric literal, == allows that, but === doesn't allow that, because it not only checks the value but also type of two variable, if two variables are not of the same type "===" return false, while "==" return true.

