

QUESTION BANK

SUBJECT -----GEOGRAPHY

GRADE-----VIII

CHAPTER-----4

TOPIC-----AGRICULTURE

MUTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS;

Question 1. Where is the abundant food for fishes available?

- (1) Continental Slope
- (2) Trenches
- (3) Continental areas
- (4) Shallow areas

Answer 1. (4) Shallow areas

Question 2. Name the countries where commercial agriculture is practised?

- (1) U.S.A (2) India (3) Indonesia (4) Pakistan

Answer 2. (1) U.S.A

Question 3. Which millet is rich in iron,calcium,and othermicro-nutrients and roughage?

- (1) Rice (2) Jowar (3) Ragi (4) Bajra

Answer 3. (3) Ragi

Question 4. Which position does India rank in terms of rice production in the world?

- (1) 4th (2) 2nd (3) 6th (4) 9th

Answer 4. (2) 2nd position

VERY SHORT ANSWERS;

Question 1 Which country is the leading producer of coffee?

Answer 1. Brazil is the leading producer of coffee in the world.

Question 2. What are the livestock of Nomadic herding?

Answer 2. The livestock of nomadic herding are: Yak, Sheep, Camel and Goats.

Question 3. Explain Mixed farming?

Answer 3. Mixed farming is that type of farming in which land is used for growing food crops, fodder crops and rearing of livestock.

Question 4. What are fibre crops?

Answer 4. Jute and Cotton are called the fibre crops.

SHORT ANSWERS

Question 1. What is plantation agriculture?

Answer 1. (1) Plantation agriculture is a type of commercial farming where single crops like Tea, Coffee, Sugarcane, Cashewnuts are grown.

(2) Large amount of labour and capital are required.

(3) The produce may be processed on the farm itself or in nearby factories.

Question 2. Why is agriculture the most widely adopted occupations of the human beings?

Answer 2. (1) More than 50% of the world population is engaged in agriculture.

(2) It continues to be the major occupation of people in the developing countries of the world.

(3) Nearly 67% of the total population of India is engaged in agriculture.

Question 3. What are the types of commercial farming?

Answer 3. Commercial farming includes:

- (1) Commercial grain farming
- (2) Mixed farming.
- (3) Plantation agriculture.

Question 4. What is a farm system?

Answer 4. (1) Agriculture or farming is a system in which seeds, fertilizers, machinery and labour are the important inputs.

(2) Ploughing, Sowing, *Irrigation*, Weeding, and Harvesting are some of the operations.

(3) The outputs from the system include crops, dairy, wool, and poultry products

LONG ANSWERS

Question 1. Explain the interdependence of all the three economic activities, with the example of sugarcane.

Answer 1. (1) Sugarcane is the cash crop produced as a tropical crop in North and South India.

(2) It is the raw material for the sugar industries.

(3) The left over raw material after crushing is called bagasse, which is an ingredient for paper industry.

(4) After harvesting, sugarcane needs to be transported to the sugar industries.

(5) So, all three economic activities are interdependent.

Question 2. What are the features of Commercial farming?

Answer 2. (1) Modern inputs are used.

(2) It uses HYV seeds, chemical fertilizers, insecticides.

(3) Modern technique and scientific methods of cultivation are practised.

(4) Main objective is to earn money and foreign exchange.

(5) The degree of commercialization varies from one region to another.

Question 3. What are the 5 components of agriculture?

Answer 3. (1) Crop farming----growing of crops

(2) Animal husbandry----Dairy and meat production

(3) Horticulture---growing fruit crops

(4) Floriculture—growing of flowers

(5) Vertical farming---growing crops in green houses under controlled environment.